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1. A suspension damper comprising:

a cylinder defining a cavity being substantially filled with a fluid;

a piston slidably positioned in the cylinder separating the cavity into a compression chamber and an extension chamber;

a rod coupled to the piston and extending through one of the chambers and exiting the cavity;

a tapered interface between the rod and the piston to thereby align the rod relative to the piston;

a passage through which the fluid moves between the extension chamber and the compression chamber during sliding of the piston in the cylinder; and

an air pressure actuated control valve assembly responsive to an air pressure input for adjustment to and between a plurality of positions to control the movement of fluid in the passage between the extension and compression chambers;

wherein a damping force of the suspension damper is a function of the air pressure input;

wherein the tapered interface provides a fluid tight seal.

2. The suspension damper of claim 1 wherein the tapered interface further comprises:

a shoulder on a portion of the rod; and

a confronting surface on a portion of the piston proximate the shoulder.

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a cylinder defining a cavity being substantially filled with a fluid;

a piston slidably positioned in the cylinder separating the cavity into a compression chamber and an extension chamber;

a rod coupled to the piston and extending through one of the chambers and exiting the cavity;

a resistance welded interface between the rod and the piston;

a passage through which the fluid moves between the extension chamber and the compression chamber during sliding of the piston in the cylinder; and

an air pressure actuated control valve assembly responsive to an air pressure input for adjustment to and between a plurality of positions to control the movement of fluid in the passage between the extension and compression chambers;

wherein a damping force of the suspension damper is a function of the air pressure input;

wherein the resistance welded interface provides a fluid tight seal.

4. The suspension damper of claim 3 wherein the resistance well interface is tapered.

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	5. A suspension damper combrising:		
		a cylinder defining a cavity	being substantially filled with a fluid;
		a piston slidably positioned	I in the cylinder separating the cavity
	into a	compression chamber and	an extension chamber;
		a rod coupled to the piston	and extending through one of the
	chamb	pers and exiting the cavity;	
		a threaded interface between	en the rod and the piston;
		a snap ring proximate the t	hreaded interface to align the rod
	relativ	e the piston;	
		a passage through which th	he fluid moves between the extension
	chamb	per and the compression ch	amber during sliding of the piston in
	the cy	linder;	
		an air pressure actuated co	ontrol valve assembly responsive to an
•	air pre	essure input for adjustment t	to and between a plurality of positions
	to con	trol the movement of fluid in	the passage between the extension
	and co	ompression chambers;	
		wherein a damping force of	f the suspension damper is a function
	of the	air pressure input; and	
		a sealant at the threaded in	nterface to provide a fluid tight seal
	betwe	en the rod and the piston.	
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6. A suspension system for a vehicle comprising:

a pneumatic suspension sub-system selected from at least one of the following: a vehicle air-suspension system and a vehicle air-leveling system, the pneumatic suspension sub-system generating an air pressure value as a function of a weight of the vehicle and a condition of the road on which the vehicle travels;

at least one damper comprising:

(a) a cylinder defining a cavity being substantially filled with a fluid;

(b) a piston slidably positioned in the cylinder separating the cavity into a compression chamber and an extension chamber;

- (c) a rod coupled to the piston and extending through one of the chambers and exiting the cavity;
- (d) an interface between the rod and the piston to thereby provide a fluid tight seal;
- (e) a passage through which the fluid moves between the extension chamber and the compression chamber during sliding of the piston in the cylinder; and
- (f) an air pressure actuated control valve assembly responsive to an air pressure input for adjustment to and between a plurality of positions to control the movement of fluid in the passage between the extension and compression chambers;

wherein a damping force of the suspension damper is a function of the air pressure input.

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7. The suspension system of claim 6 wherein the interface between the rod and the piston further comprises:

a tapered interface region between the rod and the piston to thereby align the rod relative to the piston and provide the fluid tight seal.

- 8. The suspension system of claim 7 wherein the tapered interface region further comprises:
  - a shoulder on a portion of the rod; and
- a confronting surface on a portion of the piston proximate the shoulder.
- 9. The suspension system of claim 6 wherein the interface between the rod and the piston further comprises:
  - a resistance weld between the rod and the piston.
- 10. The suspension system of claim 6 wherein the interface between the rod and the piston further comprises:
  - a threaded coupling between the rod and the piston;
- a snap ring proximate the threaded coupling to align the rod relative the piston; and
- a sealant at the threaded coupling to provide the fluid tight seal between the rod and the piston.

a cylinder defining a cavity being substantially filled with a fluid;

a piston assembly slidably positioned in the cylinder separating the cavity into a compression chamber and an extension chamber;

a rod coupled to the piston assembly and extending through one of the chambers and exiting the cavity;

a passage through which the fluid moves between the extension chamber and the compression chamber during sliding of the piston assembly in the cylinder;

an air pressure actuated control valve assembly responsive to an air pressure input for adjustment to and between a plurality of positions to control the movement of fluid in the passage between the extension and compression chambers;

wherein a damping force of the suspension damper is a function of the air pressure input; and

a uni-directional seal plate mounted in the piston assembly and in communication with the air pressure actuated control valve assembly;

wherein the uni-directional seal plate is adapted for mounting in the piston assembly in a predetermined orientation.

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12. The damper of claim 11 wherein the uni-directional seal plate further comprises:

a step extending around a perimeter thereof.

13. The damper of claim 12 wherein the piston assembly further comprises:

a piston adapter having an annular lip crimped onto the step of the uni-directional seal plate.

a cylinder defining a cavity being substantially filled with a fluid; a piston assembly slidably positioned in the cylinder separating the cavity into a compression chamber and an extension chamber;

a rod coupled to the piston assembly and extending through one of the chambers and exiting the cavity;

a passage through which the fluid moves between the extension chamber and the compression chamber during sliding of the piston assembly in the cylinder;

an air pressure actuated control valve assembly responsive to an air pressure input for adjustment to and between a plurality of positions to control the movement of fluid in the passage between the extension and compression chambers;

wherein a damping force of the suspension damper is a function of the air pressure;

a piston adapter having an annular lip crimped onto a portion of the air pressure actuated control valve assembly.

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a cylinder defining a cavity being substantially filled with a fluid; a piston assembly slidably positioned in the cylinder separating the cavity into a compression chamber and an extension chamber;

a rod coupled to the piston assembly and extending through one of the chambers and exiting the cavity;

a passage through which the fluid moves between the extension chamber and the compression chamber during sliding of the piston assembly in the cylinder;

an air pressure actuated control valve assembly responsive to an air pressure input for adjustment to and between a plurality of positions to control the movement of fluid in the passage between the extension and compression chambers;

wherein a damping force of the suspension damper is a function of the air pressure;

a biasing member urging the air pressure actuated control valve assembly toward a closed position;

a retainer coupled to the biasing member to thereby secure the retainer relative to the biasing member.

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- 16. The suspension damper of claim 15 wherein the biasing member is a spring.
- 17. The suspension damper of claim 15 wherein a portion of the suspension damper is deformed during assembly thereof to capture the retainer.

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